

News



February 1, 2021

Dissecting the Biden Climate Executive Order

The Jan. 27, 2021, "Executive Order on Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad" is a broad, aspirational directive from the Biden administration to swiftly realign federal policy toward climate change. But the executive order (EO) does not merely implicate the traditional spheres of environmental, natural resources and energy policy. The EO has wide-reaching implications for foreign policy, national security, tax, financial services, federal funding and procurement, labor, infrastructure, agriculture, health and equity.

The chart below provides a section-by-section analysis of the intersectional policy implications of the Biden climate order and the expected timeline for these actions.

What It Directs	Policy Area(s) Affected	Timeline
This section states the policy that climate considerations will be an essential element of U.S. foreign policy and national security.	Foreign Policy	Ongoing
- Announces the U.S. will host a Leaders' Climate Summit, contribute to the United Nations COP26, and reconvene the Major Economies Forum on Energy and Climate - Climate considerations will be prioritized in international forums (i.e., G7 and G20)	Foreign Policy, Tax, Financial Services	The Leaders' Climate Summit will be held on Earth Day–April 22, 2021 Nationally determined contribution of emission reductions pursuant to the Paris Agreement will be decided by April 22, 2021 Within 90 days, the administration will prepare a climate finance
	PART I — PUTTING THE CLIMA UNITED STATES FOREIGN POL This section states the policy that climate considerations will be an essential element of U.S. foreign policy and national security. - Announces the U.S. will host a Leaders' Climate Summit, contribute to the United Nations COP26, and reconvene the Major Economies Forum on Energy and Climate - Climate considerations will be prioritized in international forums (i.e.,	PART I — PUTTING THE CLIMATE CRISIS AT THE CENTER COUNITED STATES FOREIGN POLICY AND NATIONAL SECURIT This section states the policy that climate considerations will be an essential element of U.S. foreign policy and national security. - Announces the U.S. will host a Leaders' Climate Summit, contribute to the United Nations COP26, and reconvene the Major Economies Forum on Energy and Climate - Climate considerations will be prioritized in international forums (i.e., G7 and G20)



	of the U.S. contribution under the Paris Agreement in advance of the Leaders' Climate Summit - Directs the development of a climate finance plan to assist developing countries to reduce emissions - Directs the treasury secretary to promote climate-related financial initiatives in international financial institutions like the World Bank and the IMF - DOE, State and Treasury will collaborate to end international financing of fossil fuels and advance sustainable development - The secretary of state will seek the Senate's advice and consent to ratify the Kigali Amendment, a treaty to phase down the use of hydrofluorocarbons		plan to help developing nations reduce emissions Within 60 days, the secretary of state will ask the Senate to ratify the Kigali Amendment
Sec. 103	- Directs international agencies to submit a plan to integrate climate considerations in decision-making - Directs the director of national intelligence to prepare an estimate on the national and economic security impacts of climate change - Directs DOD to prepare a	Foreign Policy, National Security	Within 90 days, agencies that engage in international work will submit plans describing how they will incorporate climate considerations into their work The director of national intelligence and the secretary of defense will submit an estimate on the security impacts of



	similar report on the security implications of climate change - Directs the defense secretary and the Joint Chiefs of Staff to provide an annual update on the security implications of climate change - DHS is directed to consider the security implications of climate change in the Arctic and provide an annual update		climate change within 120 days Starting in 2022, DOD and DHS shall provide annual updates to their climate change analyses	
Sec. 104	Reinstates the Climate Change and National Security memorandum from 2016	National Security	Ongoing	
	- TAKING A GOVERNMENT-W	IDE APPROACH TO THE CLIMA		
Sec. 201	Expresses the policy that the U.S. shall utilize an all-of-government approach to achieve net-zero carbon emissions by 2050		Net-zero emissions by 2050	
Sec. 202	Establishes the White House Office of Domestic Climate Policy		Ongoing	
Sec. 203	Creates the National Climate Task Force consisting of Cabinet- level officials and chaired by the national climate advisor		Ongoing	
USE OF THE FEDERAL O	USE OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT'S BUYING POWER AND REAL PROPERTY AND ASSET MANAGEMENT			
Sec. 204	States the policy to support climate action through management of federal	Federal Procurement, Public Lands	Ongoing	



	procurement and real		
	property, public lands and waters, and financial programs.		
Sec. 205	- Directs CEQ, GSA, OMB in coordination with Commerce, DOL, DOE and other agencies to create a plan to revitalize the government's sustainability efforts, including: • a carbon pollution-free electricity sector no later than 2035 • a clean vehicle fleet for the U.S. government including USPS encourage the use of union jobs to achieve these goals	Federal Procurement, Labor, Automotive	Submit a plan to the National Climate Task Force within 90 days
Sec. 206	- Directs compliance with Jan. 25 EO "Ensuring the Future Is Made in All of America by All of America's Workers" - Directs DOL to review Davis Bacon Act compliance - Directs CEQ to work with FAR Council on ensuring contractors consider climate change	Federal Procurement, Labor	Ongoing
Sec. 207	- Directs the Interior Department to take steps to ensure renewable energy development is encouraged and offshore wind is doubled by 2030,	Public Lands, Oceans	Double offshore wind by 2030; Ongoing



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	including interagency coordination and consultation with tribes about renewable energy development		
Sec. 208	Pauses new oil and natural gas leases on public lands and offshore waters pending review and reconsideration of federal oil and gas permitting and leasing practices	Public Lands, Oceans	Ongoing
Sec. 209	Directs agencies in coordination with OMB and the national climate advisor to review and to the extent practicable cease direct federal subsidies to fossil fuels	Tax, R&D	OMB will include agency recommendations in FY 2022 budget request; Ongoing
Sec. 210	Directs agencies to identify and spur federal funding and deployment opportunities for clean energy in coordination with OMB and the national climate advisor	Federal Funding, R&D	OMB will include agency recommendations in FY 2022 budget request; Ongoing
Sec. 211	- Directs agencies to develop plans to make federal facilities and operations more resilient and efficient—these plans should be made publicly available - Requires multiagency and interagency cooperation to assist state, local, tribal and territorial	Federal Procurement	Submit a draft action plan to the National Climate Task Force and the federal chief sustainability officer within 120 days Federal chief sustainability officer will review plans within 30 days Agencies will submit
	governments, communities and		annual reports on



	businesses to prepare for adaptation and resilience to climate		progress
EMPOWERING WORKE	change RS THROUGH REBUILDING OL	 IR INFRASTRUCTURE FOR A S	USTAINABLE ECONOMY
Sec. 212	Expresses the policy goal to address the need for construction, manufacturing, engineering and skilled-trades workers, especially in areas impacted by pollution such as low-income rural and urban communities, communities of color and native communities.	Labor, Infrastructure	Ongoing
Sec. 213	- Directs CEQ and OMB to review federal infrastructure investments and permitting procedures and report to the national climate advisor on their progress and the progress of the Federal Permitting Improvement Steering Council	Infrastructure	Ongoing
	- Directs the review to focus on accelerating the deployment of clean energy and transmission projects		
	- Encourages consultation with state, local and tribal governments on federal permitting practices		
Sec. 214	Expresses the policy		ID REFORESTATION
Sec. 214	Expresses the policy	Labor, Agriculture	



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Sec. 215	goals of conservation through environmental restoration, agricultural practices and reforestation through the creation of well-paying union jobs Directs the secretary of the interior in collaboration with the secretary of agriculture to develop a plan for the Civilian Climate Corps Initiative	Labor, Agriculture	Interior Department and USDA shall submit the Civilian Climate Corps Initiative plan to the National Climate Task Force within 90 days
Sec. 216	- Directs Interior Department in consultation with USDA, Commerce, CEQ and other agencies to develop a report on achieving the goal of conserving at least 30% of public lands and waters by 2030 - Directs USDA, Commerce Department, CEQ to consult with state, local and tribal governments as well as farmers and fisherman in creation of the 30 by 30 conservation goal - Directs USDA to develop—with public consultation—an agricultural and forestry climate strategy to reduce wildfire risk - Directs Commerce Department, through NOAA, to develop— after public consultation—more resilient fisheries and protected resources	Public Lands, Oceans, Agriculture	Requires submission of 30% conservation plan to the National Climate Task Force within 90 days Requires USDA to initiate consultation with state, local and tribal governments and other stakeholders on the agricultural and forestry climate strategy to reduce wildfire risk within 60 days and submit a report to the National Climate Task Force within 90 days Requires NOAA to begin public consultation within 60 days



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	through changes in management and conservation measures and data improvements.		
	EMPOWERING WORKERS THROUGH I	REVITALIZING ENERGY CO	MMUNITIES
Sec. 217	Directs agencies to make coordinated investments in communities that are dependent on fossil fuels to reduce methane emissions, address other environmental harms and create jobs	Labor, Environment	Ongoing
Sec. 218	Establishes the Interagency Working Group (IWG) on Coal and Power Plant Communities and Economic Revitalization The IWG will be co- chaired by the national climate advisor and the assistant to the president for economic policy	Labor	Within 60 days, the Interagency Working Group must submit a report to the president with recommendations for federal support for coal and power plant communities
SEC	CURING ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE AN	ND SPURRING ECONOMIC	OPPORTUNITY
Sec. 219	Directs agencies to support environmental justice communities through new programs, policies and other initiatives	Equity	
Sec. 220	Establishes the White House Environmental Justice Interagency Council, led by the chair of the CEQ	Equity	Within 120 days, the White House Environmental Justice Interagency Council must submit to the national climate advisor a set of recommendations for updating Executive



Sec. 221	Establishes the White House Environmental Justice Advisory Council within the EPA. It will advise the	Equity	Order 12898 of Feb. 11, 1994 (Federal Actions To Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low- Income Populations) Ongoing
	Environment Justice Interagency Council and CEQ.		
Sec. 222	- Directs CEQ to develop a geospatial Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool - Directs the EPA to strengthen enforcement of environmental violations and create a program to collect and publish real-time data on pollution - Proposes that the attorney general rename the Environment and Natural Resources Division the Environmental Justice and Natural Resources Division and directs him to ensure DOJ coordinates environmental justice activities across the agency - Directs HHS to create an Office of Climate Change and Health Equity; an Interagency Working Group to Decrease Risk of Climate Change to	Equity, Health	The geospatial screening tool must be created within six months and CEQ will subsequently publish annual interactive maps identifying disadvantaged communities Within 100 days, the director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy will publish a report identifying climate strategies and technologies that will lead to significant air and water quality improvements



	Children, the Elderly, People with Disabilities, and the Vulnerable; and a biennial Health Care System Readiness Advisory Council		
Sec. 223	Directs an interagency group to jointly publish recommendations for how 40% of certain federal investments could be directed to disadvantaged communities	Equity	Recommendations for federal investments for disadvantaged communities must be published within 120 days
	PART III — GENERA	AL PROVISIONS	
Sec. 301	Clarifies that the order will not impact the authority statutorily granted to executive departments and agencies or the functions of the OMB and should be implemented in accordance with the law	Administrative	Ongoing

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